

* Percent:

* Percent =

* New value =

$$1) \text{ Percent: } = \frac{\text{Part}}{\text{Total}} \times 100$$

→ what Percent of x is y ?

↑ Total ↑ Part

$$= \frac{y}{x} \times 100$$

Ex: what Percent of 200 is 20?

$$\text{Percent} = \frac{20}{200} \times 100 = 10\%$$

Ex: 50% of 400 is what number?

↘ Part

$$50\% \times 400 = 200$$

Note: Part = Percent \times total.

$$* \text{ Percent} = \frac{\text{Change} \leftarrow (-)}{\text{Original}} \times 100$$

→ 1000 \$ → disc → 800 \$

$$\text{Percent of discount} = \frac{1000 - 800}{1000} \times 100$$

New value = $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \rightarrow \text{Inc: Sales tax, Profit, earn, gain, ...} \\ \rightarrow \text{Dec: Sale, disc, off, Lose, ...} \end{array} \right.$

$$\text{New value} = \text{Original} (1 \pm P\%)$$

$$40\% = 0.40 = 0.4$$

$$56\% = 0.56$$

$$7\% = 0.07$$

$$1 + 40\% = 1.40$$

$$1 + 56\% = 1.56$$

$$1 + 7\% = 1.07$$

$$1 - 40\% = 0.60$$

$$1 - 56\% = 0.44$$

$$1 - 7\% = 0.93$$

Joe bought a mobile from store which gave him 20% discount off the original price. If he paid 8% sales tax to cashier for mobile which has a price 1000 \$ find total amount he will pay?

$$1000(1 - 20\%)(1 + 8\%)$$

$$1000(0.80)(1.08)$$

Compound interest:

$$\text{New value} = \text{Original} \left(1 + \frac{P\%}{n} \right)^{nt}$$

$n \rightarrow$ Compounded interval. $t \rightarrow$ Year \rightarrow After every.

Compounded annually $\rightarrow n=1$

" semi-annually $\rightarrow n=2$

" quarterly $\rightarrow n=4$

" monthly $\rightarrow n=12$

Doubles \rightarrow (2)

Tri Ples \rightarrow (3)

Quadrables \rightarrow (4)

Statistics.

- * Mean
- * Median
- * Mode
- * Range
- * standard deviation.

1) Mean: (arithmetic mean) - Average.

$$= \frac{\text{Sum}}{\text{no.}}$$

* Find average for 7, 11, 20, 19

$$= \frac{7 + 11 + 20 + 19}{4}$$

→ Frequency table:

what is the mean score?

$$\frac{700 \times 10 + 650 \times 20 + 630 \times 30 + 600 \times 4}{10 + 20 + 30 + 4}$$

Score	Frequency
700	10
650	20
630	30
600	4

2) Median:

→ Middle after arrange.

Find median for data: 7, 5, 4, 3, 10

$$\text{order} = \frac{5+1}{2} = 3$$

Arrange = 3, 4, 5, 7, 10

10, 7, 5, 4, 3

Find median for 5, 10, 12, 15

$$\text{Median} = \frac{10+12}{2} = 11$$

* Frequency table:

What is the median score?

$$\text{order} = \frac{\text{Total}}{2}$$

Note Total $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \rightarrow \frac{\text{even}}{2} \\ \rightarrow \frac{\text{odd}+1}{2} \end{array} \right.$

Score	Students
700	11
650	7
630	8
600	5

$$\text{order} = \frac{31+1}{2} = 16$$

Median = 650

* Mode: → Most repeated
Frequent

5, 7, 2, 7, 3, 7, 1

Mode = 7

4, 3, 2, 4, 1, 3

Mode = 4, 3

Mode students?

Mode = 630

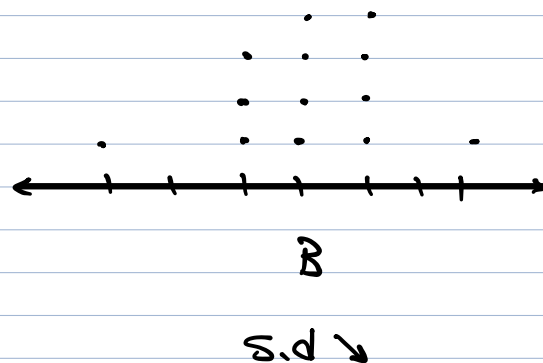
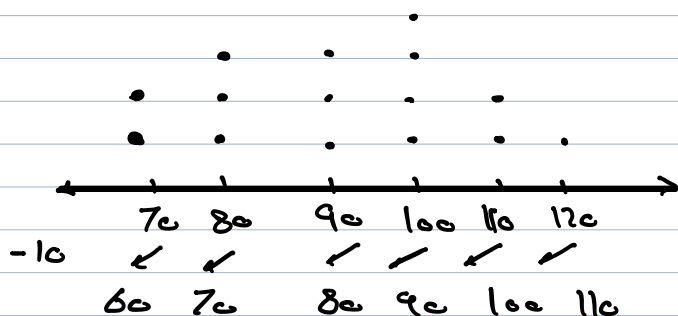
Students	Score
700	10
650	11
630	12
600	9

* Range = Maximum - Minimum.

= Greatest - Smallest

Find range for data 7, 42, 3, 5, 20, 1, 19

$$\text{Range} = 42 - 1 = 41$$



$$\text{Mean} = 80$$

S.d = The same.

$$\mu = \frac{100}{5} = 20$$

$$\frac{200}{5} = 40$$

$$\frac{300}{5} = 60$$

$$\frac{400}{5} = 80$$